



# Daily Recorder Exercises

*by Peter Billam*

**for Recorder in F**

© Peter J Billam, 1995

This score may be freely photocopied, and redistributed in paper form. It may be freely performed to live audiences; performing rights are waived. It may not be redistributed in electronic form, and all other rights, such as those of recording and broadcast, remain reserved by the composer, Peter Billam, GPO Box 669, Hobart TAS 7001, Australia.

*This printing 27 October 2009.*

*[www.pjb.com.au](http://www.pjb.com.au)*



## Daily Recorder Exercises

The first two pages of these exercises date from 1995, when I was a tutor in the *Recorder '95* festival in Melbourne. Why should recorder players practice in remote keys like F# major ? Because in almost every piece in B minor, and hence even in D major, there is some passage in the dominant, in this case F# major, and unless the player has practised in this key, that passage is always the one which spoils the whole movement.

The third page, of minor arpeggios, was added recently because I noticed that while sight-reading I was playing the major arpeggios with greater fluency than minor ones.

Systematic technical exercises such as these are less used by recorder players than other instrumentalists, but they are very effective in generating a maximum of fluency from a minimum of playing time. They should be used regularly every day; ten minutes a day is far superior to one hour per week.

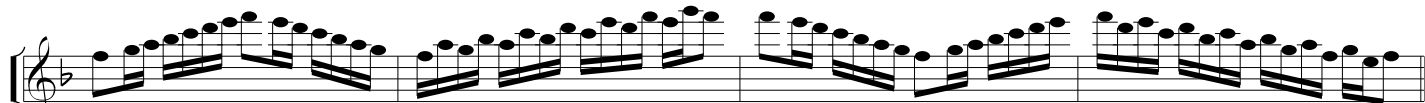
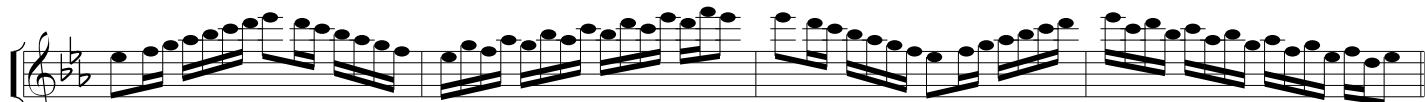
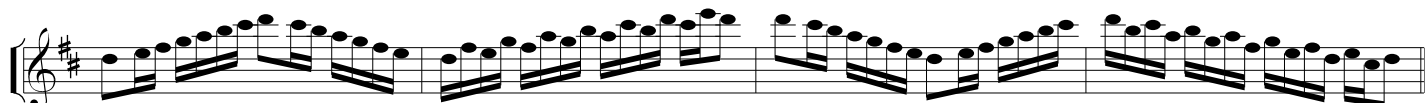
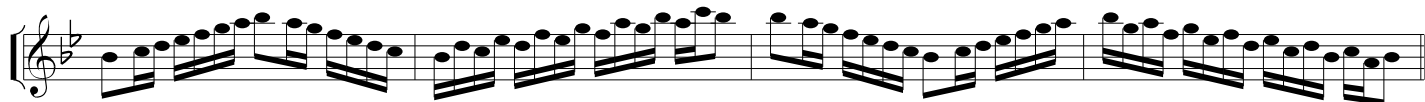
The goal when practising should be to let each note sing strongly and sweetly right from its very first moment to its very last, and then to change cleanly into the next note, with the tongue and all the fingers moving simultaneously so that no ugly scrunching sounds mar the transition. As the transitions become flawless, the sweet singing line will begin to join up from note to note, and develops into a large thing which has its own identity and beauty.

These exercises should also be of value to other woodwind instruments such as flute, oboe, clarinet or saxophone.

*Peter J Billam*

*[www.pjb.com.au/mus](http://www.pjb.com.au/mus)*

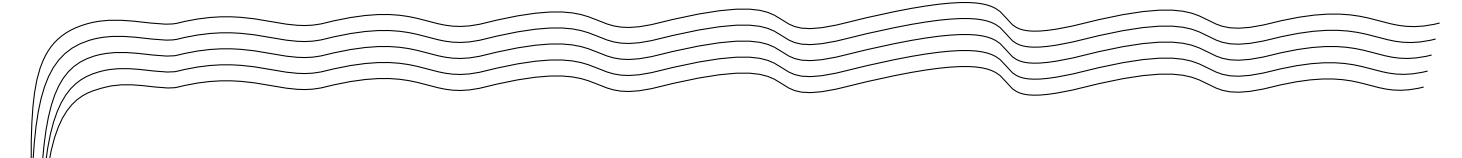
# Daily Recorder Exercises



- \* Ten minutes (or more, of course) per day
- \* Legato, tongued, and double- (or triple-) tongued
- \* Clean. The tongue and all the fingers must all move at the same instant
- \* Beautiful. Every note must sing sweetly from start to finish.

The image displays a musical score for a recorder in the key of F major. It consists of 14 staves of music, each containing a sequence of major arpeggios. The notes are written in a treble clef and are organized into groups of four notes per staff. The arpeggios are played in a sequence that covers the entire range of the instrument, from the lowest F (F2) to the highest F (F6). The notes are: F2, A2, C3, E3, F3, A3, C4, E4, F4, A4, C5, E5, F5, A5, C6, E6, F6. The score is written in a simple, clear style, with notes and stems clearly visible. The key signature is one flat (Bb), and the time signature is not explicitly shown but is implied to be common time (C).

The image displays a musical score for a recorder in the key of F major, consisting of 14 staves of music. Each staff contains a sequence of four measures of eighth-note arpeggios. The notes are grouped in pairs, with a slur over each pair. The arpeggios are organized into two sets of seven staves each. The first set of seven staves starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (F major). The second set of seven staves starts with a treble clef and a key signature of two flats (B-flat major). The notes in each measure are: Measure 1: G4, A4, B4, C5; Measure 2: A4, B4, C5, D5; Measure 3: B4, C5, D5, E5; Measure 4: C5, D5, E5, F5. The notes are repeated in the second set of staves, but with a key signature change to two flats (B-flat major), resulting in notes: G4, A4, B-flat4, C5; A4, B-flat4, C5, D5; B-flat4, C5, D5, E5; C5, D5, E5, F5. The score concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign at the end of the final staff.



**Peter Billam** was born in London in 1948, studied piano, and lived in Switzerland from 1973 to 1983, where he studied composition, classical guitar, flute and voice, worked as Musical Director of the *Théâtre Populaire Romand*, and as recording engineer, record producer and computer programmer. He moved to Tasmania in 1983, lectured in composition at the Conservatorium, conducted recorder ensembles and choirs, studied recorder, voice and harpsichord. He founded **www.pjb.com.au**, becoming the first composer to sell scores on-line, with on-line delivery, taking scores from Composer to Performer in one immediate step. *Www.pjb.com.au* offers a new approach to music publishing. These pieces are **written to be read, made to be played !**

**Compositions** at *www.pjb.com.au* include: *Five Short Pieces*, guitar, 1979; *Divisions on an Italian Ground*, flute and guitar, 1980; *Five Rounds*, choir, 1986; *Go Forth and Multiply*, choir, 1986; *Three Violin Duets*, 1987; *Fable*, for piano, 1987; *To Erich Jantsch*, SAATTB recorders, 1988; *A Suite of Curves*, trombone (or horn) and piano, 1990; *Two Recorder Duets*, alto recorders, or other melody instruments, 1991; *Trombone Quintet*, trombone, flute, piano, bass, and percussion, 1994; *Three Songs*, on poems by Jack Kerouac, Vikram Seth and Dylan Thomas, voice and piano (only the first and third of these are available), 1994; *Piano Study*, piano, 1994; *Four Dances*, various ensembles including recorder quartet, string quartet, 1995; *The Poet in the Clouds*, on a poem by S. T. Coleridge, SATB choir, 1995; *Tres Casidas del Diván del Tamarit*, on poems by Federico García Lorca, voice and piano, 1997; *Three Suites*, for the solo line, piano, and piano and a solo line, 2000; *Die Zeiten*, on poems by Kästner, Bachman and Jünger, choir (only the second and third of these are available), 2000; *Three Duets* for flutes, 2001; *For Four Hands* for piano four hands, 2002; *Three Preludes* for piano, 2003; *Second Solo Suite* for flute, violin, viola or cello, 2003; *Guitar Duet* for two guitars, 2006; *We Who Mourn* for choir, 2007; *Trio With Guitar* for guitar and two clarinets or two recorders or two violas, 2008.

**Arrangements** include: By J. S. Bach: *Trio BWV 655*, piano and flute; *Vor deinen Thron BWV 668*, piano; *Fugue in F minor BWV 689*, SATB recorders; *Flute Sonata BWV 1031* transposed into G major for alto recorder and keyboard; *Flute Sonata BWV 1032* completed by Peter Billam for flute and keyboard, also in C major for alto recorder, and in G major for descant; *Ricercare a 3*, from the *Musikalisches Opfer* for keyboard; *Ricercare a 6*, for sSATBG recorders, or strings, or two keyboards; *Fuga Canonica in Epidiapente* for keyboard and melody instrument; from the *Art of Fugue: Contrapuncti 1* and *4* for keyboard, and *Contrapunctus 14* as completed by D. F. Tovey, for keyboard, or for SATB recorders, or for strings; *Passacaglia and Fugue in c* for piano four hands; *Chorales with Descant* for melody instrument and piano; *Cello Suites I, II and III* for flute or alto recorder, *Forty Chorales* for piano, *Der Geist hilft* for SATB-SATB recorders. By Johannes Brahms: *Fugue in Ab minor for organ*, for SATB recorders and gamba, in A minor; *Choralvorspiele for organ* with previous settings by Isaac, Bach, Praetorius, recorders. By Franz Schubert: *Four Songs*, voice and guitar; *Schubert Dances*, recorders and guitar, *Schubert Dances*, piano 4 hands. By G. F. Händel: *Concerto Grosso in A minor* op 6 no 4, harpsichord and recorders; *Recorder Sonata in Bb* no 5, in G for tenor recorder and keyboard. By other composers: *Claudio Monteverdi, Ecco Mormorar l'Onde*, SSATB recorders; *Twelve Italian Songs*, voice and guitar; *John Wilbye, Draw on sweet Night*, SSATTB recorders, and for flute choir; *Telemann, Twelve Flute Fantasias*, recorder; *John Carr, Divisions on an Italian Ground*, flute or recorder and guitar; *Fourteen Folk Dance Tunes*, recorder and guitar; *Easy Classical Pieces*, Bb trumpet and piano.

*Www.pjb.com.au* offers innovative and unusually **generous and useful licensing conditions**:

- You may not redistribute the piece in electronic form
- You may print out or photocopy as many copies as you wish
- You may give these copies to whoever you want
- You may freely perform the piece to live audiences; performing rights are waived

These are extremely practical and generous copyright conditions, and have been devised so as to be as useful to you as possible. Feel free to visit . . .

*www.pjb.com.au*